

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1 - 2. (canceled).

3. (previously presented): The method of claim 32, wherein the non-shape memory material is selected from the group consisting of at least one of an x-ray contrast substance, an inorganic nanoparticle material, an antiinflammatory active substance, an analgetic substance, an antibiotic active substance, an active substance against viruses and fungi, an antithrombic active substance, an cytostatic active substance, an immunosuppressive active substance and an active substance for lowering restenosis.

4. (previously presented): The method of claim 32, wherein the at least one nonmetallic SMP is selected from the group consisting of at least one of an SMP-containing polymer network, a thermoplastic SMP material, an SMP-containing composite polymer material, an SMP-containing polymer blend and combinations thereof.

5 - 16. (canceled).

17. (previously presented): The method of claim 32, wherein the SMP-containing material is selected from the group consisting of at least one of biocompatible and haemocompatible.

18. (previously presented): The method of claim 32, wherein the SMP has an e-module value of approximately 0.5 to approximately 50 Mpa.

19. (previously presented): The method of claim 32, wherein the SMP has an elongation of break of approximately 100% to approximately 1200%.

20. (previously presented): The method of claim 32, wherein the SMP has a reset fixation value of more than approximately 90%.

21. (previously presented): The method of claim 32, wherein the SMP has a reset fixation value of more than approximately 92%.

22. (previously presented): The method of claim 32, wherein the SMP has a reset fixation value of more than approximately 95%.

23. (previously presented): The method of claim 32, wherein the SMP has a reset fixation value of more than approximately 98%.

24. (previously presented): The method of claim 32, wherein the SMP has a reset ratio after five cycles in a thermo-mechanical experiment of more than approximately 90%.

25. (previously presented): The method of claim 32, wherein the SMP has a reset ratio after five cycles in a thermo-mechanical experiment of more than approximately 92%.

26. (previously presented): The method of claim 32, wherein the SMP has a reset ratio after five cycles in a thermo-mechanical experiment of more than approximately 95%.

27. (previously presented): The method of claim 32, wherein the SMP has a reset ratio after five cycles in a thermo-mechanical experiment of more than approximately 98%.

28. (previously presented): The method of claim 32, wherein the SMP comprises at least one of caprolacton units, pentadecalacton units, ethyleneglycol units, propyleneglycol units, lactic acid units, glycol acid units and combinations thereof.

29. (previously presented): The method of claim 32, wherein the SMP comprises cross-linked caprolactonmacromonomers.

30. (previously presented): The method of claim 32, wherein the stent is selected from the group consisting of being at least one of extruded, coated, casted, spinned, weaved and combinations thereof.

31. (canceled).

32. (previously presented): A method of treatment of a patient needing a stent comprising the steps of:

(a) placing a stent onto a balloon catheter equipped with a suitable light source, wherein the stent comprises a material selected from the group consisting of (i) a material consisting essentially of at least one non-metallic photo-switchable shape memory polymer (SMP) and (ii) a scaffold comprising a non-shape memory material that supports at least one material consisting essentially of at least one non-metallic photo-switchable SMP, and wherein the stent exists in a permanent shape,;

(b) inserting the stent into a desired position;

- (c) expanding the stent to a temporary shape by means of the catheter;
- (d) irradiating the stent with light of a suitable wavelength to fix the stent in a temporary shape; and
- (e) removing the catheter.

33 - 34. (canceled).

35. (previously presented): A method of treatment of a patient needing removal of a stent comprising the steps of:

- (a) inserting a catheter equipped with a suitable light source into a stent portion, wherein the stent comprises a material selected from the group consisting of (i) a material consisting essentially of at least one non-metallic photo-switchable shape memory polymer (SMP) and (ii) a scaffold comprising a non-shape memory material that supports at least one material consisting essentially of at least one non-metallic photo-switchable SMP and wherein the stent exists in an expanded temporary shape,
- (b) expanding the balloon to produce a direct contact with the stent;
- (c) irradiating the stent with light, thereby activating the shape memory effect and the recovery of the permanent compressed shape of the stent;
- (d) relieving the balloon thereby fixing the contracting stent on the balloon; and

(e) removing the catheter with the stent.

36 - 37. (canceled).

38. (currently amended): The method of claim 35, wherein the at least one non-shape memory ingredient is selected from the group consisting of at least one of an x-ray contrast substance, an inorganic nanoparticle material, an anti-inflammatory active substance, an analgetic substance, an antibiotic active substance, an active substance against viruses and fungi, an antithrombic active substance, an cytostatic active substance, an immunosuppressive active substance and an active substance for lowering ~~restenosis~~retinosis.

39. (previously presented): The method of claim 35, wherein the at least one nonmetallic SMP is at least one of an SMP-containing polymer network, a thermoplastic SMP material, an SMP-containing composite polymer material, an SMP-containing polymer blend and combinations thereof.

40. (previously presented): The method of claim 35, wherein the SMP is selected from the group consisting, of at least one of caprolacton units, pentadecalacton units, ethyleneglycol units, propyleneglycol units, lactic acid units, glycol acid units and combinations thereof.

41 - 45. (canceled).

46. (previously presented): A method of claim 32, wherein the light of a suitable wavelength is selected from IR irradiation, NIR irradiation, and UV irradiation.

47. (new): A method of claim 35, wherein the light is selected from IR irradiation, NIR irradiation, and UV irradiation.